

The aim of this dissertation is to describe in what way the quality of life of clients suffering from chronic pulmonary disease is influenced and which spheres of their lives are afflicted most frequently. The research part is aimed at the most troublesome and limiting spheres which make the lives of these people unpleasant or which even make some daily routines, occupational activities, leisure time activities, social life, etc. impossible. The research has been carried out in the form of the semistructured dialogue and with the assistance of SEIQoL methodology. It targets at the clients being in their working age.