

The right to education is the constitutional right of every person and is one of the essential priorities of modern democratic state. State as a guaranty of right to education insures legal framework for the realization of educational system disregarding the nature of founder and is generally primary provider of means for operating the schools. The education of people is insured primary by schools which are created by founder of public nature. In schools, training and education are performed by pedagogical workers in the form of direct pedagogical function which means performing certain kinds of determined activities that directly affect the learners. One of the more regulated domains, with regard to the majority saturation of funds for the operation of schools established by a public founder from components of public budget, is remuneration of pedagogical workers in public school. Present dissertation is concerned with the question to which extent and whether at all the existing legal regulation provides to employer flexible legal instrument for remuneration of pedagogical workers in public schools.