

Abstract

In the course of my research on aggressive behaviour of children in kindergarten I found that the most frequent manifestation of aggressive behaviour is verbal aggression. Verbal aggression at this age is most often expressed by arguing and shouting. Physical aggression is less common. this is most often manifested by pushing and shoving and rejecting a classmate. The least used manifestation of physical aggression is biting, scratching and spitting. Aggressive manifestations of children during their stay in kindergarten. It changes in the context of the development of children (between the third and sixth year). The home environment has an effect on aggression. it has been found that if a child feels some frustration or anxiety that comes from the family environment, he or she is more sensitive to limiting his or her needs or adjusting to the rules and routines of the kindergarten. His reactions are influenced by these negative feelings and more often lead to aggressive acts than in children who do not have them. Most aggressive behaviours can be successfully reduced through appropriate intervention by teachers or with the help of professionals. Aggression is always easier to correct if parents are genuinely interested, willing and cooperative.