## **Abstract**

**Title:** Effect of caffeine on local isometric performance of fingers in sport

climbers.

**Targets:** The aim of this study was to investigate whether caffeine affects local

isometric finger flexor performance in sport climbers during a 4 minute

all-out test and the maximal force test.

**Methods:** 12 climbers participated in the testing during 3 visits to the LSM

laboratory at the UK FTVS. During each visit, they completed a maximal

strength test, a force gradient and an all-out test on a specific

dynamometer. During the second and third testing we randomly

administered caffeine or a placebo to the climbers and monitored whether

there was a change in performance.

**Results:** The average maximal force during the initial measurement was 48.8 kg

 $(\sigma = 12.5 \text{ kg})$ , with caffeine supplementation the average maximal force

increased to 48.9 kg ( $\sigma = 11.5$  kg). The average total work during the

initial measurement was 3573.3 kg.s ( $\sigma = 810.2$  kg.s), with caffeine

supplementation there was an increase to 3700.8 kg.s ( $\sigma = 865.7$  kg.s).

The average work performed above critical strength during the initial

measurement was 1242 kg.s ( $\sigma = 726$  kg.s), with caffeine

supplementation there was a decrease to 1215.2 kg.s ( $\sigma = 456.1$  kg.s).

The average critical force during the initial measurement was 15 kg

 $(\sigma = 5.9 \text{ kg})$ , increasing to 15.9 kg  $(\sigma = 5.3 \text{ kg})$  with caffeine

supplementation.

**Conclution:** we found that the results of these tests were not conclusive enough to to

say with confidence that caffeine clearly increases isometric flexor

performance of the finger flexors in sport climbers.

**Keywords:** sport climbing, climbing performance, caffeine, critical strength