

Reference

Kubíček Pavel. *The European Union - Iran Relations: Indirect Outcomes of the Nuclear Agreement Negotiations*. Prague, 2024. Master's thesis. Charles University, Faculty of Social Sciences, Institute of Political Studies.

Abstract

The European Union is an important long-time actor of the diplomatic relations with the Islamic Republic of Iran. For this reason, their relation is constantly observed and debated, which results in various approaches and conceptualizations of this relation. This study covers the indirect impacts of the Iranian Nuclear Deal, which was negotiated between Iran and several world powers and EU, which played the major role in the negotiation. The thesis evaluates the European Union's approach to the negotiations after the Nuclear Agreement through the perspective created framework of Sewell's Structuration Theory and Theory of Security Complexes.

In its second part, the thesis provides a brief overview of the major events that accompanied the negotiations as well as those that occurred during the subsequent period. Furthermore, this case study focuses on events and activities that can be considered indirect effects of the abovementioned diplomatic negotiations. The thesis sets out to analyse the less obvious impacts of the negotiated agreement, which may be overlooked in the debate on the Nuclear Deal. The thesis is a case study that uses the theory of descriptive analysis for practical research. The practical part of the thesis will analyse mainly European Union documents, international treaties, and scientific texts. Furthermore, the thesis draws on media articles from the New York Times, Politico, Washington Post, Iranian newspapers, and others.

Keywords

European Union, Iran, Iranian Nuclear Deal, Structural Theory, Security Complexes