

FACULTY OF ARTS Charles University

REAL PROPERTY AND A STOREY	Department of English and ELT M	Department of English and ELT Methodology	
	A Review of a submitted to the Department of Faculty of Arts, Ch	English and ELT Methodology,	
Name and titles o Reviewed as:	of the reviewer: Mgr. Kateřina Vašk	ů, PhD ⊠ an opponent	
	on: 2024	ucture of English on Word Processing	
Level of expertise \Box excellent \boxtimes v	e: very good □ average □ below av	erage 🗆 inadequate	
Factual errors: ⊠ almost none [\Box appropriate to the scope of the t	thesis 🛛 frequent less serious 🗆 serious	
Chosen methodol ⊠ original and ap	logy: propriate □ appropriate □ bare	ely adequate 🛛 inadequate	
Results: ⊠ original □ ori	iginal and derivative 🛛 non-trivial	compilation	
Scope of the thesi □ too large ⊠ ap	is: ppropriate to the topic □ adequat	te 🗆 inadequate	
••••	mber and selection of titles): (scope or rigor)	ow average 🛛 inadequate	
Typographical and formal level: ⊠ excellent □ very good □ average □ below average □ inadequate			
Language: □ excellent ⊠ very good □ average □ below average □ inadequate			
Typos:	_		

 \Box almost none \boxtimes appropriate to the scope of the thesis \Box numerous



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Brief description of the thesis (by the supervisor, ca. 100-200 words):

Review, comments and notes (ca. 100-200 words)

Strong points of the thesis:

The extensive theoretical chapter effectively presents the topic of semantic networks, covering all concepts essential for understanding the empirical section.

The methodology is clearly described and is reproducible.

The empirical section includes a visualization of the modelled network, and the final conclusions acknowledge the limitations of the thesis results.

Weak points of the thesis:

What I consider the weak point of the thesis is the extremely short Chapter 4 which only briefly reports descriptive statistics of the semantic network and describes the summary of the regression model with no further discussion. The empirical part has less then 2 pages of text when figures and visualizations are not counted. I think the study lacks a discussion section that would duly assess the results obtained. As a non-expert on semantic networks, I would, for example, appreciate a more extensive discussion in the first step of the conclusion that "[v]isual inspection of the semantic network reveals small-world characteristics with clusters of high-degree hub nodes and more scarcely connected low-degree nodes" (p. 36). The regression model presented in the second step suggests marginal significance for one variable, but is generally very weak (multiple R-Squared of 0.01156 and Adjusted R-Squared of 0.006803) and the thesis would benefit from further commentary on other possible explanatory variables not included and on the nature of the data (corpus).

Questions to answer during the Defence and suggested points of discussion:

A corpus linguist might expect a correlation between some of the measures discussed and general word frequency. Has any research been conducted on this correlation? Do you think frequency is a relevant factor to consider in your research?

The study suggests, as one of its conclusions, that the vector network model shows similarities to semantic networks because of the small-world characteristics. Is it possible to support this with data in addition to visual inspection?

All four variables studied are aggregated measures that simplify the comparison, but on the other hand lack detail about actual closeness of individual pairs of words. Do you think this has an impact on the results and conclusions to be made?

Proposed grade:

 \boxtimes excellent \boxtimes very good \square good \square fail

Place, date and signature of the reviewer: *Prague, 2. 9. 2024*