Abstract

This thesis focuses on the analysis of the legislative agenda of the draft law on election administration. The main objective was to identify the key gaps in this legislative process and to assess the roles of the actors through the perspective of principal-agent and stewardship theories. The research revealed several key issues, including insufficient communication towards the public, prevailing political pressures and a lack of transparency. Actors occupied different roles in the legislative process, which affected the quality and progress of the law. Based on the findings, recommendations were made to improve coordination, more effective communication and increase transparency in the legislative process. The work contributes to a deeper understanding of the dynamics of the legislative process and provides valuable suggestions for lawmaking and the legislative environment.