

Errata

Na popud oponenta zde uvádím errata opravující některé nalezené chyby a alespoň trochu vylepšující přehlednost dlouhých rovnic. Je také doplněno označení rovnic pro perturbace s konvencí takovou, že $(\delta G_{RR} - \kappa \delta T_{RR})_{a,b,c}$ značí rovnici perturbace složky RR , při níž uvažujeme perturbace funkcí a, b, c . V případě Fisherovy metriky jsou pak a, b, c nahrazeny *Fisher*.

V (16) byla převzata chyba z výchozího textu, upraveny jsou tedy i poznámky:

$$p \equiv (1 + 2\kappa A^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \geq 1. \quad (16)$$

Poznámka. : Platnost řešení se povedla ověřit v Mathematice pro $2A^2\kappa = p^2 - 1$, což je ekvivalentní (16). Pokud by bylo znaménko v (12) minus, dostali bychom $2A^2\kappa = 1 - p^2$, což je ve sporu (16), odkud by plynulo $p < 1$. Takto bylo objeveno použití jiné konvence úžení Riemannova tensoru.

Poznámka. : V textu [1] je chybně uvedeno $p \equiv \left(1 + \frac{4\kappa A^2}{r_0^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \geq 1$, což by spolu s $2A^2\kappa = p^2 - 1$ nutně vedlo k $r_0^2 = 2$.

Zde uvádím dodatečně rovnice (84)-(86) v obecné podobě, bez dosažení požadového řešení:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1 - rF'r' - 2F(r')^2 + Fr(\kappa r(\varphi')^2 + 4r'')}{r^2} \delta F - \frac{Fr'}{r} \delta F' + F \frac{2F((r')^2 + rr'') + rFr' - 2}{r^3} \delta r - \\ & - \frac{FrF' + 2F^2r'}{r^2} \delta r' - 2\frac{F^2}{r} \delta r'' - \kappa F^2 \varphi' \delta \varphi' = 0 = (\delta G_{tt} - \kappa \delta T_{tt})_{E,r,\varphi} \end{aligned} \quad (D1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1 - rF'r'}{F^2 r^2} \delta F + \frac{r'}{Fr} \delta F' - \frac{2F(r')^2 + rF'r - 2}{Fr^3} + \frac{rF' + 2Fr'}{Fr^2} \delta r' - \\ & - \kappa \varphi' \delta \varphi' = 0 = (\delta G_{RR} - \kappa \delta T_{RR})_{E,r,\varphi} \end{aligned} \quad (D2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & r(\kappa r(\varphi')^2 + 2r'') \delta F + 2rr' \delta F' + r^2 \delta F'' + 2(F'r' + \kappa Fr(\varphi')^2 + rF'' + Fr'') \delta r + \\ & + 2Fr \delta r'' + 2\kappa Fr^2 \varphi' \delta \varphi' = 0 = (\delta G_{\theta\theta} - \kappa \delta T_{\theta\theta})_{E,r,\varphi} \end{aligned} \quad (D3)$$

V rovnicích (84)-(87) byly nalezeny závažné věcné chyby a byly tak kompletně předělány a byla ověřena jejich platnost pro triviální perturbace. (87) je nyní uvedena v nedosazeném tvaru:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2A \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} [(p+1)R_-^2 + 2(p^2-1)R_+R_- - (p-1)R_+^2] \delta F + \\
& + ApR_+R_- \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} [(p+1)R_- + (p-1)R_+] \delta F' - \frac{4A(R_+ - R_-) [(p+1)R_- + (p-1)R_+]}{\sqrt{R_+R_-} \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}} \delta r + \\
& + 4Ap^2R_+R_- \frac{R_+ + R_-}{\sqrt{R_+R_-} \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}} \delta r' + \frac{4Ap^2R_+^2R_-^2}{\sqrt{R_+R_-} \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}} \delta r'' - \\
& - p(p^2-1)R_+R_-(R_+ + R_-)\delta\varphi' = 0 = (\delta G_{tt} - \kappa\delta T_{tt})_{E,r,\varphi}
\end{aligned} \tag{84}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2A \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} [(p+1)R_-^2 + 2(p^2-1)R_+R_- - (p-1)R_+^2] \delta F + \\
& + AR_+R_- \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} [(p+1)R_- + (p-1)R_+] \delta F' - \\
& - \frac{4Ap(R_- - R_+) \left(\frac{R_-}{R_+} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \sqrt{R_+R_-} \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} [(p+1)R_- - (p-1)R_+]}{R_+R_-} \delta r + \\
& + 4Ap^2(R_+ + R_-) \left(\frac{R_-}{R_+} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \sqrt{R_+R_-} \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta r' + \\
& + p(p^2-1)(R_- - R_+)R_+R_-\delta\varphi' = 0 = (\delta G_{RR} - \kappa\delta T_{RR})_{E,r,\varphi}
\end{aligned} \tag{85}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2Ap \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} [(p+1)R_- + (p-1)R_+] \delta F' + Ap^2R_+R_- \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta F'' + \\
& + \frac{4A(R_- - R_+) [(p+1)^2R_- - (p-1)^2R_+]}{R_+R_- \sqrt{R_+R_-} \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}} \delta r + \frac{8Ap(R_+ - R_-)}{\sqrt{R_+R_-} \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}} \delta r' + \frac{4Ap^2R_+R_-}{\sqrt{R_+R_-} \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}} \delta r'' + \\
& + 2p(p^2-1)(R_+ - R_-)\delta\varphi' = 0 = (\delta G_{\theta\theta} - \kappa\delta T_{\theta\theta})_{E,r,\varphi}
\end{aligned} \tag{86}$$

Poznámka. : v (86) se člen s δF vynuluje.

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2(rF'r' + 2F(r')^2 + Fr r'' - 2)\delta r - \\
& - r [(2(r')^2 + \kappa r^2(\varphi')^2 + 4r r'')\delta F + 2(rr'\delta F' + rF'\delta r' + 2Fr'\delta r + Fr\delta r'')] = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{87}$$

Následující rovnice jsou graficky upraveny pro lepší přehlednost:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \left\{ -4A^2[(1+p)R_- - R_+][R_- + (p-1)R_+] + p^2(p^2-1)R_+^2 R_-^2 \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} (\Lambda + V) \right\} \delta F + \\
& + 2A^2 R_+ R_- (R_- - R_+) \delta F' + A^2 p^2 R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta F'' + \\
& 4Ap(p^2-1)R_+ R_- (R_- - R_+) \left(\frac{R_-}{R_+}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta \varphi' + 2p^2(p^2-1)R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{tt} - \kappa \delta T_{tt})_{E,\varphi}
\end{aligned} \tag{45}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \left\{ -4A^2[(1+p)R_- - R_+][R_- + (p-1)R_+] + p^2(p^2-1)R_+^2 R_-^2 \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} (\Lambda + V) \right\} \delta F + \\
& + 2A^2 R_+ R_- [(3+2p)R_- (3-2p)R_+] \delta F' + A^2 p^2 R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta F'' + \\
& + 4Ap(p^2-1)R_+ R_- (R_- - R_+) \left(\frac{R_-}{R_+}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta \varphi' - 2p^2(p^2-1)R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{RR} - \kappa \delta T_{RR})_{E,\varphi}
\end{aligned} \tag{46}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \{4A^2[(1+p)R_- - R_+][R_- + (p-1)R_+] + p^2 R_+ 2R_-\} \delta F + \\
& + 2A^2 R_+ R_- [(1+p)R_- - (1-p)R_+] \delta F' + A^2 p^2 R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta F'' - \\
& - 4Ap(p^2-1)R_+ R_- (R_- - R_+) \left(\frac{R_-}{R_+}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta \varphi' - 2p^2(p^2-1)R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{\theta\theta} - \kappa \delta T_{\theta\theta})_{E,\varphi}
\end{aligned} \tag{47}$$

$$ApR_+ R_- [(p+1)R_- + (p-1)R_+] \delta F' = 0, \tag{48}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2A(R_- - R_+) [(p+1)R_- + (p-1)R_+] \delta F - \\
& - pR_+ R_- \{[(p+2)R_- + (p-2)R_+] \delta F' + pR_+ R_- \delta F''\} = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{50}$$

$$2A(R_- - R_+)[(p+1)R_- + (p-1)R_+]\delta F - pR_+R_- \{[(3p+4)R_- + (3p-4)R_+]\delta F' + pR_+R_- \delta F''\} = 0 \quad (51)$$

$$Ap\{16r_0R\delta F - R_+R_-[2(r_0 - 2R)\delta F' - R_+R_- \delta F'']\} = 0. \quad (53)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2\left\{-4A^2[(1+p)R_-^2 + (2p^2 - p - 2)R_+R_- + (1-p^2)R_-^2] + \right. \\ & + p^2(p^2 - 1)R_+^2R_-^2 \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} (\Lambda + V)\left.\right\} \delta F_{arg} + 2A^2p(2p-1)R_+R_-(R_- - R_+)\delta F'_{arg} + \\ & + A^2p^2R_-^2R_+^2\delta F''_{arg} + 4Ap^2(p^2 - 1)R_-^2(R_- - R_+)\delta\varphi' + \\ & + 2p^3(p^2 - 1)R_-^3R_+ \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{tt} - \kappa\delta T_{tt})_{Farg,\varphi} \end{aligned} \quad (56)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2\left\{-4A^2[(1+p)R_- - R_+][(p-2)R_- - 2(p-1)R_+] - \right. \\ & p^2(p^2 - 1)R_+^2R_-^2 \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} (\Lambda + V)\left.\right\} \delta F_{arg} - 2A^2pR_+R_-[(4p+1)R_- + R_+]\delta F'_{arg} - \\ & - A^2p^2R_-^2R_+^2\delta F''_{arg} + 4Ap^2(p^2 - 1)R_-^2(R_+ - R_-)\delta\varphi' + \\ & + 2p^3(p^2 - 1)R_-^3R_+ \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{RR} - \kappa\delta T_{RR})_{Farg,\varphi} \end{aligned} \quad (57)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -4A^2[(p^2 + 1)R_-^2 + 2(p-1)R_+R_- + (p^2 - 1)R_+^2]\delta F_{arg} - \\ & - 2A^2pR_+R_-[(3p-1)R_- - (p-1)R_+]\delta F'_{arg} - \\ & - A^2p^2R_+^2R_-^2\delta F''_{arg} - 4Ap^2(p^2 - 1)R_-^2(R_+ - R_-)\delta\varphi' + \\ & + 2p^3(p^2 - 1)R_-^3R_+ \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{\theta\theta} - \kappa\delta T_{\theta\theta})_{Farg,\varphi} \end{aligned} \quad (58)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & A\{2(R_- - R_+)[(p^2 - 2r - 1)R_- + R_+ + (2 - 3p)pR_+]\delta F_{arg} + \\ & + pR_+R_- \{[(5p-2)R_- + (2-3r)R_+]\delta F'_{arg} + pR_+R_- \delta F''_{arg}\}\} = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (61)$$

$$A\{2(R_- - R_+)[(-3 + p(3p - 2))R_- - (3 + p)(p - 1)R_+]\delta F_{arg} + \\ + p^2 R_+ R_- [(7R_- - R_+)\delta F'_{arg} + R_+ R_- \delta F''_{arg}]\} = 0 \quad (62)$$

$$Ap\{8r_0[2rR + r_0(p - 1)(2p + 1)]\delta F_{arg} - \\ - R_+ R_+ [(4R - 8pr_0 + 6r_0)\delta F'_{arg} + R_+ R_- \delta F - arg'']\} = 0, \quad (64)$$

$$2 \left[2A^2(R_- - R_+)^2 + p^2(p^2 - 1)R_+^2 R_-^2 \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} (\Lambda + V) \right] \delta F_1 + \\ + A^2 p R_+ R_- [(5 + 2p)R_- + (2p - 5)R_+] \delta F'_1 + A^2 p^2 R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta F''_1 - \\ - 4A^2 [(3 + 2p)R_-^2 + 2(p^2 - 3)R_+ R_- + (3 - 2p)R_+^2] \delta F_2 + \quad (67) \\ + A^2 p R_+ R_- [(3 + 2p)R_- + (2p - 3)R_+] \delta F'_2 + 4Ap(p^2 - 1)R_+ R_- \left(\frac{R_-}{R_+}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta \varphi' + \\ + 2p^2(p^2 - 1)R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{tt} - \kappa \delta T_{tt})_{F_1, F_2, \varphi}$$

$$4A^2 p(R_+^2 - R_-^2) \delta F_1 + A^2 p R_+ R_- [(2p + 5)R_- + (2p - 5)R_+] \delta F'_1 + A^2 p^2 R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta F''_1 + \\ + 2 \left(-2A^2 [(p + 2)R_-^2 + 2(p^2 - 2)R_+ R_- - (p - 2)R_+^2] + \right. \\ \left. + p^2(p^2 - 1)R_+^2 R_-^2 \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} (\Lambda + V) \right) \delta F_2 + A^2 p R_+ R_- [(2p + 1)R_- + (2p - 1)R_+] \delta F'_2 + \\ + 4Ap(p^2 - 1)R_+ R_- (R_- - R_+) \left(\frac{R_-}{R_+}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta \varphi' - \\ - 2p^2(p^2 - 1)R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{RR} - \kappa \delta T_{RR})_{F_1, F_2, \varphi} \quad (68)$$

$$2A^2(R_- - R_+)[(p + 2)R_- + (p - 2)R_+] \delta F_1 + A^2 p R_+ R_- [(2p + 3)R_- + (2p - 3)R_+] \delta F'_1 + \\ + A^2 p^2 R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta F''_1 + 2A^2 p R_+ R_- \left(4 + \frac{R_-}{R_+} - \frac{R_+}{R_-}\right) \delta F_2 - A^2 p R_+ R_- (R_- - R_+) \delta F''_2 - \\ - 4Ap(p^2 - 1)R_+ R_- (R_- - R_+) \left(\frac{R_-}{R_+}\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta \varphi' - 2p^2(p^2 - 1)R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{\theta\theta} - \kappa \delta T_{\theta\theta})_{F_1, F_2, \varphi} \quad (69)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2(R_- - R_+)^2[(p+1)R_- + (p-1)R_+]\delta F_2 - \\
& - pR_+R_-[2(p+1)(2p+3)R_-^2 + 4(4p^2-3)R_+R_- + 2(p-1)(2p-3)R_+^2]\delta F_2' - \quad (71) \\
& - p^2R_+^2R_-^2[(6p+5)R_- + (6p-5)R_+]\delta F_2'' - p^3R_+^3R_-^3\delta F_2''' = 0.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \left[A^2(2p^2 + p - 1)(R_- - R_+)^2 + p^2(p^2 - 1)R_+^2R_-^2 \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} (\Lambda + V) \right] \delta F_{arg1} + \\
& + A^2 p R_+ R_- [(6p+1)R_- - (2p+1)R_+] \delta F'_{arg1} + A^2 p^2 R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta F''_{arg1} + \\
& + 2A^2 \{ -(3+2p)(p+1)R_-^2 + 2[p(3-2p)+3]R_+R_- + (p+1)(2p-3)R_-^2 \} \delta F_{arg2} - \\
& - A^2 p R_+ R_- [(2p+3)R_- + (2p-3)R_+] \delta F'_{arg2} + \\
& + 4A^2 p R_-^2 [(p^2-1)(R_- - R_+)] \delta \varphi' + 2p^3(p^2-1)R_-^3 R_+ \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{tt} - \kappa \delta T_{tt})_{F_{arg1}, F_{arg2}, \varphi} \quad (74)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - 2A^2(R_- - R_+) \{ (p+1)R_- - [p(2p+3)-3]R_+ \} \delta F_{arg1} - \\
& - A^2 p R_+ R_- [(6p+1)R_- - (2p+1)R_+] \delta F'_{arg1} - A^2 p^2 R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta F''_{arg1} + \\
& 2 \left\{ A^2 [p(2p-5)+5]R_+^2 + 2A^2(2p^2+p-5)R_+R_- + \right. \\
& \left. + (p+1)R_-^2 \left[A^2(5-2p) - p^2(p-1)R_+^2 \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} (\Lambda + V) \right] \right\} \delta F_{arg2} - \\
& - A^2 p R_+ R_- [(2p+1)R_- + (2p-1)R_+] \delta F'_{arg2} - 4Ap^2(p^2-1)R_-^2(R_- - R_+) \delta \varphi' + \\
& + 2p^3(p^2-1)R_-^3 R_+ \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{RR} - \kappa \delta T_{RR})_{F_{arg1}, F_{arg2}, \varphi} \quad (75)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - 2A^2(R_- - R_+) [(2p^2+1)R_- - (2p(p-1)+1)R_+] \delta F_{arg1} - \\
& - A^2 p R_+ R_- [(6p-1)R_- + (2p-1)R_+] \delta F'_{arg1} - A^2 p^2 R_+^2 R_-^2 \delta F''_{arg1} - \\
& - 2A^2 [R_-^2 + 2(2p^2+p-1)R_+R_- - (2p-1)R_+^2] \delta F_{arg2} + A^2 p R_+ R_- (R_- - R_+) \delta F'_{arg2} + \\
& + 4Ap^2 R_-^2 (p^2-1)(R_- - R_+) \delta \varphi' + 2p^3(p^2-1)R_- R_+ \left(\frac{R_+}{R_-} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \delta V = 0 = (\delta G_{\theta\theta} - \kappa \delta T_{\theta\theta})_{F_{arg1}, F_{arg2}, \varphi} \quad (76)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 4(R_- - R_+)^2 \{ [p(4p^2 - 2p - 3) - 1]R_- - (4p^3 - 2p^2 - p - 1)R_+ \} \delta F_{arg2} + \\
& + pR_+R_- \{ (28p^2 - 6p - 2)R_-^2 - [8p(p - 1) - 4]R_+R_- + 2(2p + 1)(p - 1)R_+^2 \} \delta F'_{arg2} + \\
& + p^2R_+^2R_-^2 [(12p - 1)R_- + R_+] \delta F''_{arg2} + p^3R_+^3R_-^3 \delta F'''_{arg2} = 0.
\end{aligned} \tag{78}$$

Grafická úprava rovnic Fisherovy metriky:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \{-16 + 8 \exp(\lambda) [2 + \kappa r^2 (2\Lambda + \chi^2 U^2)] + r\lambda' (16 + 3rv') - \\
& - r [8\kappa r (U')^2 + v' (12 + 5rv') + 6rv''] \} \delta v + \\
& + 2r(4 - r\lambda') \delta v' + 4r^2 \delta v'' + [8 - 3r\lambda' (4 + rv') + r^2 (8\kappa (U')^2 + 5(v')^2 + 6v'')] \delta \lambda + \\
& + 2r(4 - rv') \delta \lambda' + 16 \exp(\lambda) \kappa \chi^2 r^2 U \delta U = 0 = (\delta G_{tt} - \kappa \delta T_{tt})_{Fisher}
\end{aligned} \tag{88}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& r [4v' + r(-3\lambda'v' + 5(v')^2 + 6v'')] \delta v + 2r(r\lambda' - 4) \delta v' - 4r^2 \delta v'' + \\
& + \{-24 + 8 \exp(\lambda) [2 + \kappa r^2 (2\Lambda + \chi^2 U^2)] + 3r\lambda' (4 + rv') - r [v' (8 + 5rv') + 6rv''] \} \delta \lambda + \\
& + 2r \delta \lambda' + 16 \kappa r^2 (\exp(\lambda) \chi^2 U \delta U + U' \delta U') = 0 = (\delta G_{RR} - \kappa \delta T_{RR})_{Fisher}
\end{aligned} \tag{89}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& [8rv' + r^2v'(v' - \lambda') + 2r^2v''] \delta v + 2r(r\lambda' - 2rv' - 4) \delta v' - 4r^2 \delta v'' + \\
& \{ 8 + r [8\kappa r (U')^2 + 4v' + 3r(v')^2 - 3\lambda' (4 + rv') + 6rv''] \} \delta \lambda + 2r^2v' \delta \lambda' + \\
& + 16 \exp(\lambda) \kappa \chi^2 r^2 U \delta U = 0 = (\delta G_{\theta\theta} - \kappa \delta T_{\theta\theta})_{Fisher}
\end{aligned} \tag{90}$$

Bibliografie

- [1] Allen I. Janis, Ezra T. Newman a Jeffrey Winicour. „Reality of the Schwarzschild Singularity“. In: *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 20 (16 1968), s. 878–880. DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevLett.20.878. URL: <https://link.aps.org/doi/10.1103/PhysRevLett.20.878>.