

Abstract

The master thesis examines the experiences of migrants in the Czech Republic through an intersectional lens, exploring how multiple axes of differentiation shape their lives. By focusing on migratory status, perceptions of "foreignness," socioeconomic conditions, and gender, the thesis reveals the challenges faced by various migrant groups. By employing an intersectional approach, the thesis demonstrates how current policy practices, which often target migrants as a homogeneous group, fail to address the specific needs of those at the intersection of multiple disadvantages. The study highlights the value of intersectionality in uncovering these nuanced experiences and argues for its potential in developing more effective migration and integration policies, ultimately working towards more inclusive and equitable outcomes for diverse migrant populations.