

Abstract (in English):

The inauguration of Mahmoud Ahmadinejad as President of the Islamic Republic of Iran was accompanied by a significant shift in Iran's stance towards the State of Israel and its perception. This change involved not only an intensification of traditional hostility towards the Jewish state but also radical rhetoric against Jews worldwide and historical facts about the Holocaust. This bachelor's thesis analyzes Mahmoud Ahmadinejad's antisemitic rhetoric in the context of Iran-Israel relations during his presidency (2005-2013). The thesis focuses on identifying and analyzing antisemitic narratives through principles of Critical Discourse Analysis (CDA), based on the definitions of antisemitism formulated by the International Holocaust Remembrance Alliance (IHRA), the Jerusalem Declaration, and Natan Sharansky's 3D Test. The aim of the thesis is to assess the extent to which Ahmadinejad's statements meet the criteria of antisemitism and to understand the political, ideological, and strategic factors that shaped Iran-Israel relations during this period. The analysis of Ahmadinejad's statements reveals how his rhetoric contributed to the escalation of hostility towards Israel and influenced the international perception of Iran.