

ABSTRACT

Housing distress represents a serious complex and dynamic society-wide multidimensional problem with numerous negative impacts on individuals and communities. Within the Czech Republic housing distress is linked to the historical and legislative situation, for its the involvement of several actors is necessary to address and end it. The actors involved in the solution are, among others, social workers, whose role is addressed in the present dissertation, including the tools at their disposal and the tools, they do not have and would need to implement an active role. This thesis proposes specific actions, especially in the field of education, for example knowledge of models of addressing homelessness, specific tools (advocacy, empowerment), prevention bias. The role of social workers is generally one of the most demanding among comparable professions, while in the area of ending housing need, the performance of social work is particularly demanding, therefore employers need to focus on supporting workers (supervision, resilience training, positive work climate). The theoretical foundations of the work are found in the social-ecological approach, the theory of social constructivism and critical social work.