This diploma thesis "Structure of Trade-Unionstical Press Between 1945-1948" is focused on the period from May 1945 till 25th October 1948.

The first part is mainly concentrated on the situation within this period. At first it was needed to mention the political background and afterwards the proces of the formation of "ROH" (Revolutional Trade-Unions) itself. There are introduced the heads of "ÚRO" (Central Council of the Trade-Unions), who had influence in shaping the trade press. In particular there is noted the charakter of Otakar Wünsch - editor URO and President of the Association of Czech contemporary journalists. On his example here is shown the influence of KSČ (Communist Party) on the members of another political parties going through Trade-Union as well. This work is also trying to highlight the links with trade union politics, specifically the policy of the Communist Party and their influence on post-war press. The following are mentioned as well the problems that accompanied the beginnings of print publishing of trade press. They concerned mainly the lack of qualified journalists, the economic situation of individual journals and their readers.

The second part describes the structure of the Trade Union's press. The press was divided into basic categories: newspapers, press for officers, professional journals, popular and "all-union-trade" journals For completeness it was needed to mention the press of unions within ROH and the press written mostly by non-journalists in the factories.