

The thesis is focused on the problematic of violence in social communication of university students in relation to their gender and field of study. The main content of this thesis is a study based on an anonymous questionnaire which describes occurrence and consequences of violence in social communication of university students. This study is also focused on confirmation of connection between personal experience with violence and development of addictive behavior. The analytic sample of population consists of 135 university students in Prague.

The results prove that 30% of university students had personal experience with violence in the past year (2009). More often they were men. The dependence on the field of study was not confirmed. The occurrence of physical violence was more frequent among men, whereas emotional and sexual violence occurred with the same frequency. There was no dependence on field of study. The substance use led to more dangerous forms of violence, especially among men with no dependence on field of study. Physical and psychological consequences of experienced violence were describes with the same frequency with no dependence on gender or field of study.

The preventive recommendations were given following the results of the research regarding school programs, which teach children to deal with conflict situations, and the expansion of psychological counseling and other services which can help to deal with difficult life situation.