

The dissertation thesis is aimed at actual topic of the international labour migration and working foreigners in the Czech Republic during the period of the global economical crisis of 2008 and 2012. It is an empirical research that comes out from the qualitative and quantitative study of the topic. The subject of the research were working foreigners. We differ foreigners in the position of employees and businessmen as well as foreigners from the European Economic Area and Switzerland and so called third countries.

In the work we also focus on the statistical data both from their availability and interpretation point of view and also from the volume of flows of international labour migration and the stock of working foreigners in the Czech Republic. Selected indicators were also used to study spatial distribution of working foreigners in the Czech Republic including its factors from political, social, economic, geographic, demographic or cultural areas. The study was carried out by applying qualitative and quantitative correlation and regression analyses. In this respect we focused also on the discussion of the relevancy of statistical data from areas specified above that may help to clarify the structure of the spatial distribution of working foreigners.

The dissertation thesis includes the first attempt to define the highly qualified workers in the Czech Republic that could be applied broadly not only on employed foreigners but employees as such. The definition comes out from aspects such as education reached, skills and abilities of foreigners, salary and also the type of the work position.

The work comprises of four articles on which the author of the thesis worked and that have been published in professional journals. These articles have been accompanied by theoretical-methodological framework that relates to the topic of international labour migration and working foreigners. In the conclusion, possibilities of further reasearch were suggested.