

Abstract

This thesis is concerned with the legislature of the Czech Republic, Bundesrepublik Deutschland and the Republic of France, as regards the anonymous abandonment of children in babyboxes, anonymous births and births with the identity of the mother classified. It presents a complex overview of the legal framework in which the above mentioned institutions are functioning, from the point of view of the current legislation and factual state of affairs, set in the background of historical evolution of the individual institutes in individual states. The first chapter of the thesis deals with the terminology, which in these questions is often somewhat confused and confusing, due to laymen influences and translations between languages. The second chapter presents the current legal framework of the individual states, together with the umbrella framework of the international Agreements which are binding to all three of the countries. The third chapter deals with babyboxes, describing their functioning in Germany and in the Czech Republic. The fourth chapter presents the issue of anonymous births and of the french l'accouchement sous X, which is on the line between the anonymous birth and the birth with the identity of the mother classified. Fifth chapter is concerned with the births with classified identity of the mother and discreet birth in the Czech legal system, as well as the new German law on discreet births. The conclusion attempts a short comparison between the systems and envisions a possibility of future development.

Keywords: babybox, anonymous birth, discreet birth, birth with the identity of the mother classified, birth under X