Abstract

This diploma thesis deals with the topic of the Soviet army arrival and its impact on the everydayness of residents living in VÚ Ralsko. Using the method of oral history interviews records and its analysis the author concludes. With the help the metod record oral history interviews and analyzing them using symbolic antropology the author draws the conclusion that the presence of the Soviet army had an impact on the everydayness at severeal points. After the arrival of the Soviet military divisions, CSLA soldiers and their families had to leave their homes. They did not loose just their homes but also friends and jobs. The question of safety is a contentious subject. E.g. Even today, the ordinary residents of VÚ Ralsko speculate on the presence of nuclear weapons. Other issues were travel abroad and or mushrooming in VVP. The cohabitation of the Soviets and the ordinary residents was problematic and it took place on two locations - Housing estate Letná a Hradčany. The more relaxed place was Hradčany. The Soviet soldiers did not have a solid military morale and could make life unpleasant to the residents of Ralsko. On the other hand, on the basis of their presence, the residents were given the opportunity to supply a diverse assortment. Even so, there were conflicts in stores where wives of officers were arguing about goods. On June 1991 Soviet army finaly left our country and in the VÚ Ralsko and began looting.

Key words: Ralsko, everydayness, military estate, Soviet soldier, safety, nuclear weapons, occupation, Soviet departure